

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
CENTRAL DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA

CAT SCALE COMPANY, an Iowa
Corporation.

Plaintiff,

V.

CONICO TORO, INC., a California Corporation,

Defendant.

Case No. 2:24-cv-03396-WLH-JC

STIPULATED PROTECTIVE ORDER

1. A. PURPOSES AND LIMITATIONS

As the parties have represented that discovery in this action is likely to involve production of confidential, proprietary, or private information for which special protection from public disclosure and from use for any purpose other than prosecuting this litigation may be warranted, this Court enters the following Protective Order. This Order does not confer blanket protections on all disclosures or responses to discovery. The protection it affords from public disclosure and use extends only to the limited information or items that are entitled to confidential treatment under the applicable legal principles. Further, as set forth in Section 12.3, below, this Protective Order does not entitle the parties to file confidential

1 information under seal. Rather, when the parties seek permission from the court to
2 file material under seal, the parties must comply with Civil Local Rule 79-5 and
3 with any pertinent orders of the assigned District Judge and Magistrate Judge.

B. GOOD CAUSE STATEMENT

5 In light of the nature of the claims and allegations in this case and the parties' 6 representations that discovery in this case will involve the production of confidential 7 records, and in order to expedite the flow of information, to facilitate the prompt 8 resolution of disputes over confidentiality of discovery materials, to adequately 9 protect information the parties are entitled to keep confidential, to ensure that the 10 parties are permitted reasonable necessary uses of such material in connection with 11 this action, to address their handling of such material at the end of the litigation, and 12 to serve the ends of justice, a protective order for such information is justified in this 13 matter. The parties shall not designate any information/documents as confidential 14 without a good faith belief that such information/documents have been maintained 15 in a confidential, non-public manner, and that there is good cause or a compelling 16 reason why it should not be part of the public record of this case.

2. DEFINITIONS

18 2.1 Action: The instant action: *CAT Scale Company v. Conico Toro, Inc.*,
19 Case No. 2:24-cv-03396-WLH-JC.

20 2.2 Challenging Party: a Party or Non-Party that challenges the
21 designation of information or items under this Order.

22 2.3 “CONFIDENTIAL” Information or Items: information (regardless of
23 how it is generated, stored or maintained) or tangible things that qualify for
24 protection under Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 26(c), and as specified above in
25 the Good Cause Statement.

2.4 "HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL -- ATTORNEYS' EYES ONLY"

27 Information or Items: extremely sensitive "CONFIDENTIAL" Information or

1 Items, the disclosure of which to another Party or Non-Party would create a
2 substantial risk of serious harm that could not be avoided by less restrictive means.

3 2.5 Counsel: Outside Counsel of Record and House Counsel (as well as
4 their support staff).

5 2.6 Designating Party: a Party or Non-Party that designates information or
6 items that it produces in disclosures or in responses to discovery as
7 “CONFIDENTIAL” or “HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL -- ATTORNEYS’ EYES
8 ONLY.”

9 2.7 Disclosure or Discovery Material: all items or information, regardless
10 of the medium or manner in which it is generated, stored, or maintained (including,
11 among other things, testimony, transcripts, and tangible things), that are produced or
12 generated in disclosures or responses to discovery in this matter.

13 2.8 Expert: a person with specialized knowledge or experience in a matter
14 pertinent to the litigation who has been retained by a Party or its counsel to serve as
15 an expert witness or as a consultant in this Action.

16 2.9 House Counsel: attorneys who are employees of a party to this Action.
17 House Counsel does not include Outside Counsel of Record or any other outside
18 counsel.

19 2.10 Non-Party: any natural person, partnership, corporation, association, or
20 other legal entity not named as a Party to this action.

21 2.11 Outside Counsel of Record: attorneys who are not employees of a
22 party to this Action but are retained to represent or advise a party to this Action and
23 have appeared in this Action on behalf of that party or are affiliated with a law firm
24 which has appeared on behalf of that party, and includes support staff.

25 2.12 Party: any party to this Action, including all of its officers, directors,
26 employees, consultants, retained experts, and Outside Counsel of Record (and their
27 support staffs).

1 2.13 Producing Party: a Party or Non-Party that produces Disclosure or
2 Discovery Material in this Action.

3 2.14 Professional Vendors: persons or entities that provide litigation
4 support services (e.g., photocopying, videotaping, translating, preparing exhibits or
5 demonstrations, and organizing, storing, or retrieving data in any form or medium)
6 and their employees and subcontractors.

7 2.15 Protected Material: any Disclosure or Discovery Material that is
8 designated as “CONFIDENTIAL” or “HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL --
9 ATTORNEYS’ EYES ONLY.”

10 2.16 Receiving Party: a Party that receives Disclosure or Discovery
11 Material from a Producing Party.

12 3. SCOPE

13 The protections conferred by this Order cover not only Protected Material (as
14 defined above), but also (1) any information copied or extracted from Protected
15 Material; (2) all copies, excerpts, summaries, or compilations of Protected Material;
16 and (3) any deposition testimony, conversations, or presentations by Parties or their
17 Counsel that might reveal Protected Material, other than during a court hearing or at
18 trial.

19 Any use of Protected Material during a court hearing or at trial shall be
20 governed by the orders of the presiding judge. This Order does not govern the use
21 of Protected Material during a court hearing or at trial.

22 4. DURATION

23 Even after final disposition of this litigation, the confidentiality obligations
24 imposed by this Order shall remain in effect until a Designating Party agrees
25 otherwise in writing or a court order otherwise directs. Final disposition shall be
26 deemed to be the later of (1) dismissal of all claims and defenses in this Action, with
27 or without prejudice; and (2) final judgment herein after the completion and

1 exhaustion of all appeals, rehearings, remands, trials, or reviews of this Action,
2 including the time limits for filing any motions or applications for extension of time
3 pursuant to applicable law.

4 **5. DESIGNATING PROTECTED MATERIAL**

5 **5.1 Exercise of Restraint and Care in Designating Material for Protection.**

6 Each Party or Non-Party that designates information or items for protection under
7 this Order must take care to limit any such designation to specific material that
8 qualifies under the appropriate standards. The Designating Party must designate for
9 protection only those parts of material, documents, items, or oral or written
10 communications that qualify so that other portions of the material, documents,
11 items, or communications for which protection is not warranted are not swept
12 unjustifiably within the ambit of this Order.

13 Mass, indiscriminate, or routinized designations are prohibited. Designations
14 that are shown to be clearly unjustified or that have been made for an improper
15 purpose (e.g., to unnecessarily encumber the case development process or to impose
16 unnecessary expenses and burdens on other parties) may expose the Designating
17 Party to sanctions.

18 If it comes to a Designating Party's attention that information or items that it
19 designated for protection do not qualify for protection, that Designating Party must
20 promptly notify all other Parties that it is withdrawing the inapplicable designation.

21 **5.2 Manner and Timing of Designations.** Except as otherwise provided in
22 this Order (see, e.g., second paragraph of Section 5.2(a) below), or as otherwise
23 stipulated or ordered, Disclosure or Discovery Material that qualifies for protection
24 under this Order must be clearly so designated before the material is disclosed or
25 produced.

26 Designation in conformity with this Order requires:

27 (a) for information in documentary form (e.g., paper or electronic

1 documents, but excluding transcripts of depositions), that the Producing Party affix
2 at a minimum, the legend “CONFIDENTIAL” or “HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL --
3 ATTORNEYS’ EYES ONLY” to each page that contains protected material. If
4 only a portion or portions of the material on a page qualifies for protection, the
5 Producing Party also must clearly identify the protected portion(s) (e.g., by making
6 appropriate markings in the margins).

7 A Party or Non-Party that makes original documents available for inspection
8 need not designate them for protection until after the inspecting Party has indicated
9 which documents it would like copied and produced. During the inspection and
10 before the designation, all of the material made available for inspection shall be
11 deemed “CONFIDENTIAL.” After the inspecting Party has identified the
12 documents it wants copied and produced, the Producing Party must determine which
13 documents, or portions thereof, qualify for protection under this Order. Then,
14 before producing the specified documents, the Producing Party must affix the
15 “CONFIDENTIAL”, or “HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL -- ATTORNEYS’ EYES
16 ONLY” legend to each page that contains Protected Material. If only a portion or
17 portions of the material on a page qualifies for protection, the Producing Party also
18 must clearly identify the protected portion(s) (e.g., by making appropriate markings
19 in the margins).

20 (b) for testimony given in depositions that the Designating Party identifies
21 on the record, before the close of the deposition as protected testimony or, if it is
22 impractical to identify separately each portion of testimony that is entitled to
23 protection, the Designating Party may invoke on the record (before the deposition,
24 hearing, or other proceeding is concluded) a right to have up to 21 days after
25 conclusion of the deposition or other proceeding (the “Designation Period”) to
26 identify the specific portions of the testimony as to which protection is sought and to
27 specify the level of protection being asserted. Only those portions of the testimony
28

1 that are appropriately designated for protection within the 21-day Designation
2 Period shall be covered by the provisions of this Stipulated Protective Order, unless
3 the Designating Party specifies that the entire transcript shall be treated as
4 “CONFIDENTIAL” or “HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL—ATTORNEYS’ EYES
5 ONLY.” Transcripts containing Protected Material shall bear an obvious legend on
6 the title page stating that the transcript contains Protected Material, and the title page
7 shall be followed by a list of all pages (including line numbers, as appropriate) that
8 have been designed as Protected Material and the level of protection being asserted
9 by the Designating Party. The Designating Party shall inform the court reporter of
10 these requirements. Any transcript that is prepared before the expiration of the 21-
11 day Designation Period shall be treated during the remainder of the Designation
12 Period as if it had been designated “HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL— ATTORNEYS’
13 EYES ONLY” in its entirety, unless the Parties otherwise agree. After the expiration
14 of the Designation Period, the transcript shall be treated only as so designated.

15 (c) for information produced in some form other than documentary and
16 for any other tangible items, that the Producing Party affix in a prominent place on
17 the exterior of the container or containers in which the information is stored the
18 legend “CONFIDENTIAL” or “HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL -- ATTORNEYS’
19 EYES ONLY.” If only a portion or portions of the information warrants protection,
20 the Producing Party, to the extent practicable, shall identify the protected portion(s).

21 5.3 Inadvertent Failures to Designate. If timely corrected, an inadvertent
22 failure to designate qualified information or items does not, standing alone, waive
23 the Designating Party’s right to secure protection under this Order for such material.
24 Upon timely correction of a designation, the Receiving Party must make reasonable
25 efforts to assure that the material is treated in accordance with the provisions of this
26 Order.

1 6. CHALLENGING CONFIDENTIALITY DESIGNATIONS

2 6.1 Timing of Challenges. Any Party or Non-Party may challenge a
3 designation of confidentiality at any time that is consistent with the Court's
4 Scheduling Order.

5 6.2 Meet and Confer. The Challenging Party shall initiate the dispute
6 resolution process under Local Rule 37-1 et seq.

7 6.3 The burden of persuasion in any such challenge proceeding shall be on
8 the Designating Party. Frivolous challenges, and those made for an improper
9 purpose (e.g., to harass or impose unnecessary expenses and burdens on other
10 parties) may expose the Challenging Party to sanctions. Unless the Designating
11 Party has waived or withdrawn the confidentiality designation, all parties shall
12 continue to afford the material in question the level of protection to which it is
13 entitled under the Producing Party's designation until the Court rules on the
14 challenge.

15 7. ACCESS TO AND USE OF PROTECTED MATERIAL

16 7.1 Basic Principles. A Receiving Party may use Protected Material that is
17 disclosed or produced by another Party or by a Non-Party in connection with this
18 Action only for prosecuting, defending, or attempting to settle this Action. Such
19 Protected Material may be disclosed only to the categories of persons and under the
20 conditions described in this Order. When the Action has been terminated, a
21 Receiving Party must comply with the provisions of Section 13 below.

22 Protected Material must be stored and maintained by a Receiving Party at a
23 location and in a secure manner that ensures that access is limited to the persons
24 authorized under this Order.

25 7.2 Disclosure of "CONFIDENTIAL" Information or Items. Unless
26 otherwise ordered by the court or permitted in writing by the Designating Party, a
27 Receiving Party may disclose any information or item designated

1 “CONFIDENTIAL” only to:

2 (a) the Receiving Party’s Outside Counsel of Record in this Action, as
3 well as employees of said Outside Counsel of Record to whom it is reasonably
4 necessary to disclose the information for this Action;

5 (b) the officers, directors, and employees (including House Counsel) of
6 the Receiving Party to whom disclosure is reasonably necessary for this Action;

7 (c) Experts (as defined in this Order) of the Receiving Party to whom
8 disclosure is reasonably necessary for this Action and who have signed the
9 “Acknowledgment and Agreement to Be Bound” (Exhibit A);

10 (d) the court and its personnel;

11 (e) private court reporters and their staff to whom disclosure is reasonably
12 necessary for this Action and who have signed the “Acknowledgment and
13 Agreement to Be Bound” (Exhibit A);

14 (f) professional jury or trial consultants, mock jurors, and Professional
15 Vendors to whom disclosure is reasonably necessary for this Action and who have
16 signed the “Acknowledgment and Agreement to Be Bound” (Exhibit A);

17 (g) the author or recipient of a document containing the information or a
18 custodian or other person who otherwise possessed or knew the information;

19 (h) during their depositions, witnesses, and attorneys for witnesses, in the
20 Action to whom disclosure is reasonably necessary provided: (1) the deposing party
21 requests that the witness sign the “Acknowledgment and Agreement to Be Bound”
22 (Exhibit A); and (2) they will not be permitted to keep any confidential information
23 unless they sign the “Acknowledgment and Agreement to Be Bound” (Exhibit A),
24 unless otherwise agreed by the Designating Party or ordered by the court. Pages of
25 transcribed deposition testimony or exhibits to depositions that reveal Protected
26 Material may be separately bound by the court reporter and may not be disclosed to
27 anyone except as permitted under this Protective Order; and

(i) any mediator or settlement officer, and their supporting personnel, mutually agreed upon by any of the parties engaged in settlement discussions.

3 7.3 Disclosure of “HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL -- ATTORNEYS’ EYES
4 ONLY” Information or Items. Unless otherwise ordered by the court or permitted in
5 writing by the Designating Party, a Receiving Party may disclose any information or
6 item designated “HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL” only to:

14 (c) the court and its personnel;

15 (d) private court reporters and their staff to whom disclosure is reasonably
16 necessary for this Action and who have signed the “Acknowledgment and
17 Agreement to Be Bound” (Exhibit A);

18 (e) professional jury or trial consultants, mock jurors, and Professional
19 Vendors to whom disclosure is reasonably necessary for this Action and who have
20 signed the “Acknowledgment and Agreement to Be Bound” (Exhibit A);

21 (f) the author or recipient of a document containing the information or a
22 custodian or other person who otherwise possessed or knew the information; and

23 (g) any mediator or settlement officer, and their supporting personnel,
24 mutually agreed upon by any of the parties engaged in settlement discussions

If a Party is served with a subpoena or a court order issued in other litigation

that compels disclosure of any information or items designated in this Action as “CONFIDENTIAL” or “HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL -- ATTORNEYS’ EYES ONLY,” that Party must:

(a) promptly notify in writing the Designating Party. Such notification shall include a copy of the subpoena or court order unless prohibited by law;

(b) promptly notify in writing the party who caused the subpoena or order to issue in the other litigation that some or all of the material covered by the subpoena or order is subject to this Protective Order. Such notification shall include a copy of this Protective Order; and

(c) cooperate with respect to all reasonable procedures sought to be pursued by the Designating Party whose Protected Material may be affected.

If the Designating Party timely seeks a protective order, the Party served with the subpoena or court order shall not produce any information designated in this action as “CONFIDENTIAL” or “HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL -- ATTORNEYS’ EYES ONLY” before a determination by the court from which the subpoena or order issued, unless the Party has obtained the Designating Party’s permission, or unless otherwise required by the law or court order. The Designating Party shall bear the burden and expense of seeking protection in that court of its confidential material and nothing in these provisions should be construed as authorizing or encouraging a Receiving Party in this Action to disobey a lawful directive from another court.

9. A NON-PARTY'S PROTECTED MATERIAL SOUGHT TO BE PRODUCED IN THIS LITIGATION

(a) The terms of this Order are applicable to information produced by a Non-Party in this Action and designated as “CONFIDENTIAL” or “HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL -- ATTORNEYS’ EYES ONLY.” Such information produced by Non-Parties in connection with this litigation is protected by the remedies and relief

1 provided by this Order. Nothing in these provisions should be construed as
2 prohibiting a Non-Party from seeking additional protections.

3 (b) In the event that a Party is required, by a valid discovery request, to
4 produce a Non-Party's confidential information in its possession, and the Party is
5 subject to an agreement with the Non-Party not to produce the Non-Party's
6 confidential information, then the Party shall:

7 (1) promptly notify in writing the Requesting Party and the Non-Party
8 that some or all of the information requested is subject to a confidentiality
9 agreement with a Non-Party;

10 (2) promptly provide the Non-Party with a copy of the Protective
11 Order in this Action, the relevant discovery request(s), and a reasonably specific
12 description of the information requested; and

13 (3) make the information requested available for inspection by the
14 Non-Party, if requested.

15 (c) If a Non-Party represented by counsel fails to commence the process
16 called for by Local Rules 45-1 and 37-1, et seq. within 14 days of receiving the
17 notice and accompanying information or fails contemporaneously to notify the
18 Receiving Party that it has done so, the Receiving Party may produce the Non-
19 Party's confidential information responsive to the discovery request. If an
20 unrepresented Non-Party fails to seek a protective order from this court within 14
21 days of receiving the notice and accompanying information, the Receiving Party
22 may produce the Non-Party's confidential information responsive to the discovery
23 request. If the Non-Party timely seeks a protective order, the Receiving Party shall
24 not produce any information in its possession or control that is subject to the
25 confidentiality agreement with the Non-Party before a determination by the court
26 unless otherwise required by the law or court order. Absent a court order to the
27 contrary, the Non-Party shall bear the burden and expense of seeking protection in
28

1 this court of its Protected Material.

2 10. **UNAUTHORIZED DISCLOSURE OF PROTECTED MATERIAL**

3 If a Receiving Party learns that, by inadvertence or otherwise, it has disclosed
4 Protected Material to any person or in any circumstance not authorized under this
5 Protective Order, the Receiving Party must immediately (a) notify in writing the
6 Designating Party of the unauthorized disclosures, (b) use its best efforts to retrieve
7 all unauthorized copies of the Protected Material, (c) inform the person or persons to
8 whom unauthorized disclosures were made of all the terms of this Order, and
9 (d) request such person or persons to execute the “Acknowledgment and Agreement
10 to Be Bound” (Exhibit A).

11 11. **INADVERTENT PRODUCTION OF PRIVILEGED OR**
12 **OTHERWISE PROTECTED MATERIAL**

13 When a Producing Party gives notice to Receiving Parties that certain
14 inadvertently produced material is subject to a claim of privilege or other protection,
15 the obligations of the Receiving Parties are those set forth in Federal Rule of Civil
16 Procedure 26(b)(5)(B). This provision is not intended to modify whatever
17 procedure may be established in an e-discovery order that provides for production
18 without prior privilege review. Pursuant to Federal Rule of Evidence 502(d) and
19 (e), insofar as the parties reach an agreement on the effect of disclosure of a
20 communication or information covered by the attorney-client privilege or work
21 product protection, the parties may incorporate their agreement into this Protective
22 Order.

23 12. **MISCELLANEOUS**

24 12.1 **Right to Further Relief.** Nothing in this Order abridges the right of any
25 person to seek its modification by the Court in the future.

26 12.2 **Right to Assert Other Objections.** No Party waives any right it
27 otherwise would have to object to disclosing or producing any information or item

1 on any ground not addressed in this Protective Order. Similarly, no Party waives
2 any right to object on any ground to use in evidence of any of the material covered
3 by this Protective Order.

4 12.3 Filing Protected Material. A Party that seeks to file under seal any
5 Protected Material must comply with Civil Local Rule 79-5 and with any pertinent
6 orders of the assigned District Judge and Magistrate Judge. Protected Material may
7 only be filed under seal pursuant to a court order authorizing the sealing of the
8 specific Protected Material at issue. If a Party's request to file Protected Material
9 under seal is denied by the court, then the Receiving Party may file the information
10 in the public record unless otherwise instructed by the court.

11 13. FINAL DISPOSITION

12 After the final disposition of this Action, as defined in Section 4, within 60
13 days of a written request by the Designating Party, each Receiving Party must return
14 all Protected Material to the Producing Party or destroy such material. As used in
15 this subdivision, "all Protected Material" includes all copies, abstracts, compilations,
16 summaries, and any other format reproducing or capturing any of the Protected
17 Material. Whether the Protected Material is returned or destroyed, the Receiving
18 Party must submit a written certification to the Producing Party (and, if not the same
19 person or entity, to the Designating Party) by the 60 day deadline that (1) identifies
20 (by category, where appropriate) all the Protected Material that was returned or
21 destroyed and (2) affirms that the Receiving Party has not retained any copies,
22 abstracts, compilations, summaries or any other format reproducing or capturing any
23 of the Protected Material. Notwithstanding this provision, Counsel are entitled to
24 retain an archival copy of all pleadings, motion papers, trial, deposition, and hearing
25 transcripts, legal memoranda, correspondence, deposition and trial exhibits, expert
26 reports, attorney work product, and consultant and expert work product, even if such
27 materials contain Protected Material. Any such archival copies that contain or
28

1 constitute Protected Material remain subject to this Protective Order as set forth in
2 Section 4.

3 14. Any violation of this Order may be punished by any and all appropriate
4 measures including, without limitation, contempt proceedings and/or monetary
5 sanctions.

6 Dated: September 20, 2024
7

8 SHEPPARD, MULLIN, RICHTER & HAMPTON LLP
9

10 By /s/ Laura L. Chapman
11 LAURA L. CHAPMAN
12 SOFYA ASATRYAN

13 Attorneys for Plaintiff
14 CAT SCALE COMPANY

15 JEFFER MANGELS BUTLER & MITCHELL LLP
16

17 By /s/ Jessica Bromall Sparkman
18 ROD S. BERMAN
19 JESSICA BROMALL SPARKMAN

20 Attorneys for Defendant
21 CONICO TORO, INC.

22 **L.R. 5-4.3.4(a)(2)(i) Certification**
23

24 All other signatories listed, and on whose behalf the filing is submitted, concur
25 in the filing's content and have authorized the filing.

26 /s/ Laura L. Chapman
27 Laura L. Chapman
28

1 GOOD CAUSE APPEARING, IT IS SO ORDERED.
2 DATED: October 4, 2024

3
4 
5 Honorable Jacqueline Chooljian
6 United States Magistrate Judge

10
11
12
13
14
15
16
17
18
19
20
21
22
23
24
25
26
27
28

EXHIBIT A

ACKNOWLEDGMENT AND AGREEMENT TO BE BOUND

I, _____ [print or type full name], of _____ [print or type full address], declare under penalty of perjury that I have read in its entirety and understand the Protective Order that was issued by the United States District Court for the Central District of California on 10-4-2024 in the case of *CAT Scale Company v. Conico Toro, Inc.*, Case No. 2:24-cv-03396-WLH-JC. I agree to comply with and to be bound by all the terms of this Protective Order and I understand and acknowledge that failure to so comply could expose me to sanctions and punishment in the nature of contempt. I solemnly promise that I will not disclose in any manner any information or item that is subject to this Protective Order to any person or entity except in strict compliance with the provisions of this Order.

I further agree to submit to the jurisdiction of the United States District Court for the Central District of California for the purpose of enforcing the terms of this Protective Order, even if such enforcement proceedings occur after termination of this action. I hereby appoint _____ [print or type full name] of _____ [print or type full address and telephone number] as my California agent for service of process in connection with this action or any proceedings related to enforcement of this Protective Order.

Date:

City and State where sworn and signed:

Printed name:

Signature: